



Spec No.: DS23-2015-0067 Effective Date: 09/09/2015

Revision: A

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4



1. Description

The LTW (LiteOn White LED) is a revolutionary, energy efficient and ultra compact new light source, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional lighting. It gives you total design freedom and unmatched brightness, creating a new opportunities for solid state lighting to displace conventional lighting technologies..

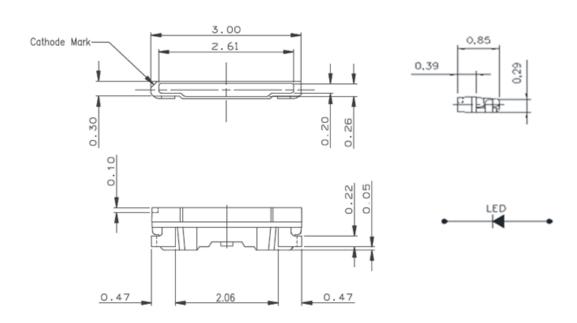
1.1. Features

- Lead free reflow solder compatible
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- EIA STD package.
- I.C. compatible.
- Meet green product and Pb-free(According to RoHS)

1.2. Applications

- Reading lights (car, bus, aircraft)
- Portable (flashlight, bicycle)
- Downlighters/Orientation
- Decorative/Entertainment
- Bollards/Security/Garden
- Cove/Undershelf/Task
- Traffic signaling/Beacons/ Rail crossing and Wayside
- Indoor/Outdoor Commercial and Residential Architectural
- Edge_lit signs (Exit, point of sale)

2. Outline Dimensions



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.1 mm (.004") unless otherwise noted.



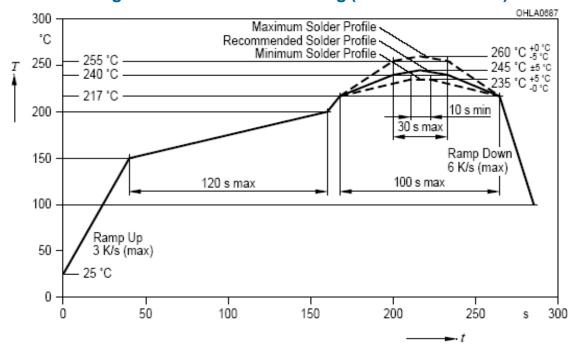
3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power Dissipation	P_{o}	120	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse)	l _{FP}	100	mA	
DC Forward Current	I _F	30	mA	
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opr}	-30 ~ +85	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +100	°C	
Soldering Condition	T _{sol}	260℃ For 10 Seconds		

Notes

Operating the LED (in an application) under reverse bias condition might result in damage or failure of the component

4. R-Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering (Acc. to J-STD-020D)





5. Electro-Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol		Values		Test Condition	Unit	
i arameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Test Condition		
Luminous Flux	lm	5.4	7.0		I _F = 20mA Note 1, 2, 5	lm	
Viewing Angle	201/2		115		Fig.6	deg	
Color Coordinate	х	-	0.285	-	I _F = 20mA		
Color Coordinate	у	-	0.267	-	<i>Note 3, 5, 6</i> Fig.1	-	
Forward Voltage	VF	2.7	-	3.4	<i>I</i> _F = 20mA	V	

Notes

- 1. Luminous flux is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2. Lm classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 3. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) is derived from the 1931 CIE chromaticity diagram.
- 4. Caution in ESD:

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a wrist band or anti-Electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

- 5. CAS140B is the test standard for the chromaticity coordinates (x, y) & Im, and IV (mcd) is for reference
- 6. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) guarantee should be added +/- 0.01 tolerance.



6. Bin Code List

6.1 Forward Voltage Spec

Forward Voltage Spec. Table					
VF Bin	Forward Voltage (Volts) at I _F = 20mA				
	Min.	Max.			
VX	2.7	2.8			
VY	2.8	2.9			
V0	2.9	3.0			
V1	3.0	3.1			
V2	3.1	3.2			
V3	3.2	3.3			
V4	3.3	3.4			

Tolerance on each Forward Voltage bin is +/- 0.1 V

6.2 Luminous Flux / mcd Spec

Luminous Flux Spec. Table					
lm Bin	Luminous Flux (lm) at $I_F = 20$ mA				
	Min.	Max.			
S8	5.4	5.7			
S9	5.7	6.0			
S10	6.0	6.3			
S11	6.3	6.6			
S12	6.6	6.9			
S13	6.9	7.2			
S14	7.2	7.5			
S15	7.5	7.8			
S16	7.8	8.1			
S17	8.1	8.4			
S18	8.4	8.7			

Tolerance on each Luminous Flux bin is +/- 10%

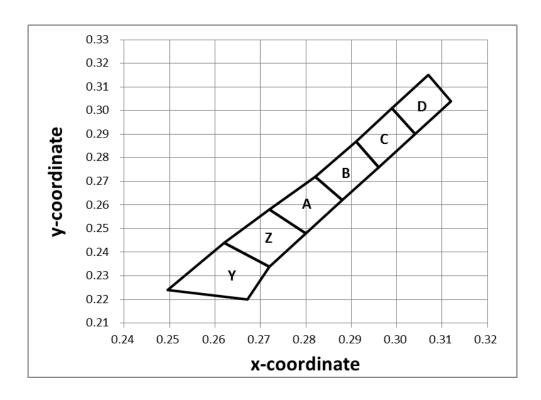


6.3 Color Ranks

Color Ranks Table											
Color bin limits at IF = 20mA Color bin limits at IF = 20m								IF = 20m	А		
Ranks	CIE	1931 Ch	romaticit	y coordir	nates	Ranks	CIE	1931 Ch	romaticit	y coordir	nates
Υ	х	0.2495	0.2671	0.2720	0.2620	Z	Х	0.2620	0.2720	0.2800	0.2720
Ţ	у	0.2240	0.2200	0.2340	0.2440		у	0.2440	0.2340	0.2480	0.2580
Α	х	0.2720	0.2800	0.2880	0.2820	D	Х	0.2820	0.2880	0.2960	0.2910
A	у	0.2580	0.2480	0.2620	0.2720	В	у	0.2720	0.2620	0.2760	0.2870
С	х	0.2910	0.2960	0.3040	0.2990	5	х	0.2990	0.3040	0.3120	0.3070
C	у	0.2870	0.2760	0.2900	0.3010	D	у	0.3010	0.2900	0.3040	0.3150

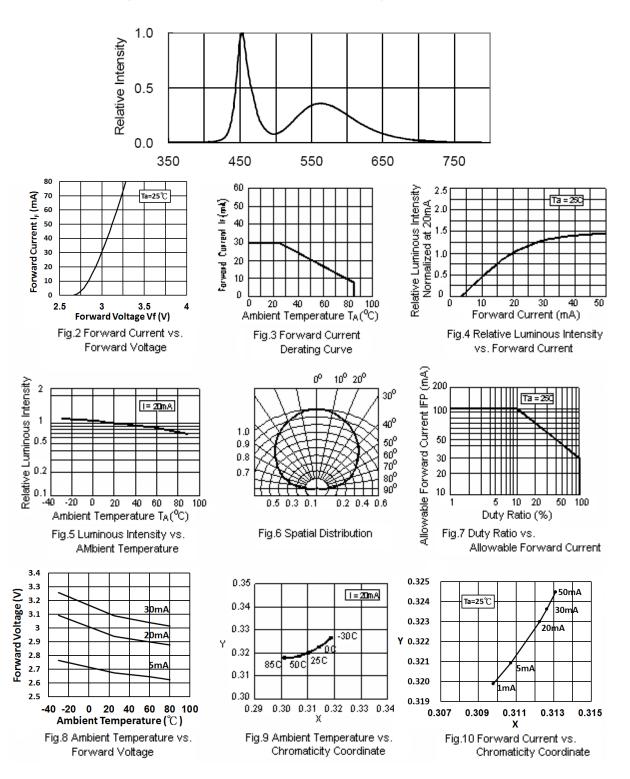
Tolerance on each Hue (x, y) bin is +/- 0.01

6.4 C.I.E 1931 Chromaticity Diagram for Color Ranks





7. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)





8. Reliability Test Plan

8.1 Reliability Test

Test Item	Test Condition	Note	Number of Damaged	
Solderability	Tsld=245±5°C, 3sec.	1 time	0/20	
(Reflow Soldering)	(Lead Free Solder)	Over 95%	0/30	
Thermal Shock	-30°C ~ 85°C 30min. 30min.	100 cycles	0/30	
High Temperature Storage	Ta=85°C	1000 hrs.	0/30	
Temperature Humidity Storage	Ta=60°ℂ, RH=90%	1000 hrs.	0/30	
Steady State Operating Life	Ta=25℃, IF=20mA	1000 hrs.	0/30	
Steady State Operating Life of High Temperature	Ta=85°ℂ, IF=5mA	500 hrs.	0/30	
Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat	60°ℂ, RH=90% , IF=15mA	500 hrs.	0/30	
Steady State Operating Life of low Temperature	Ta=-30℃, IF=20mA	1000 hrs.	0/30	

8.2 Criteria for Judging the Damage

ltem	Cumbal	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment			
item	Symbol	lest Conditions	Min.	Max.		
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA	-	U.S.L. ∑ 1.1		
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	L.S.L. $ imes$ 0.7	-		



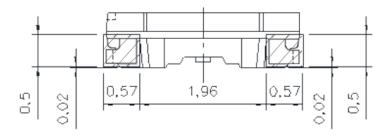
9. User Guide

9.1 Cleaning

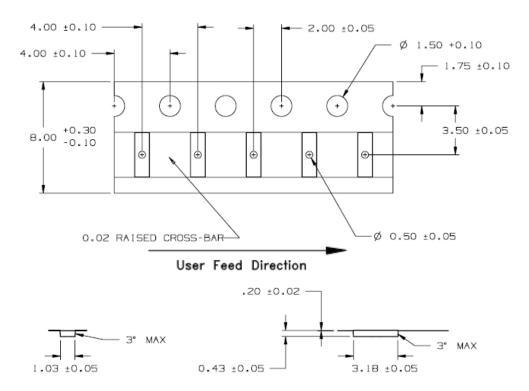
Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package.

If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less than one minute.

9.2 Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad



9.3 Package Dimensions of Tape

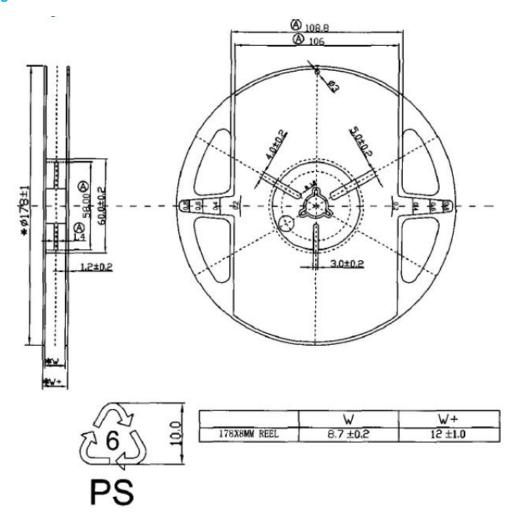


Notes

All dimensions are in mm



9.4 Package Dimensions of Reel



Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 7 inch reel- maximum 2000 pieces per reel.
- 3. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
- 4. In accordance with EIA-481-1-B specifications.



10. CAUTIONS

10.1 Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

10.2 Storage

This product is qualified as Moisture sensitive Level 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 Precaution when handing this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product.

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. Moreover, the LEDs are limited to solder process within 168hrs. If the Humidity Indicator shows the pink color in 10% even higher or exceed the storage limiting time since opened, that we recommended to baking LEDs at 60°C at least 48hrs. To seal the remainder LEDs return to package, it's recommended to be with workable desiccants in original package.

10.3 Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

10.4 Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

Reflow soldering		Soldering iron			
Pre-heat	120~150°C	Temperature	300°C Max.		
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.	Soldering time	3 sec. Max.		
Soldering Temp. Soldering time	260°C Max.		(one time only)		
	30 sec. Max.				

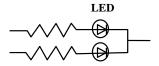


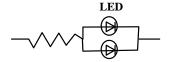
10.5 Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model A

Circuit model B





- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

10.6 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no lightup" at low currents.

To verify for ESD damage, check for "lightup" and Vf of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

The Vf of " good " LEDs should be >2.0V@0.1mA for InGaN product



11. Suggested Checking List

Training and Certification

- 1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

■ Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
- 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

- 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
- 4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

- 1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

- 1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 3. Are audit records complete and on file?





12. Revision Information

Version	Page	Content of Change	Date Record
А	4	Luminous Flux Spec. Table modify (add S17,S18 Bin)	2015/9/4